# Uniaxial compression of discrete S shape particles

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#### Introduction

- **Granular material**: any collection of discrete solid objects
- Spherical grains have been widely studied
- Use of granular material in architecture





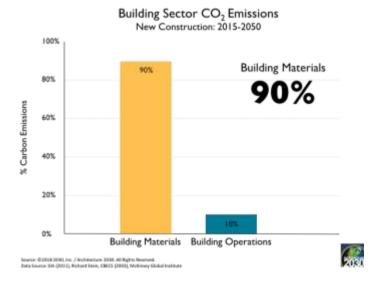
https://www.amazon.com/FoxPlay-Basketball-Ball-Pit-Zippered/dp/B079Y9CQX8

(Dierichs, Wood, Correa, & Menges, 2017)

#### **Motivations**

- Reusable construction materials
- Solution to high CO<sub>2</sub> emissions of concrete
- Less precise construction required





https://www.buildinggreen.com/feature/urgency-embodied-carbon-and-what-you-can-do-about-it

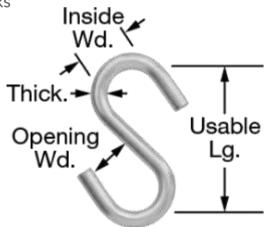
http://islandbreath.blogspot.com/2012/08/credibility-expectations.html

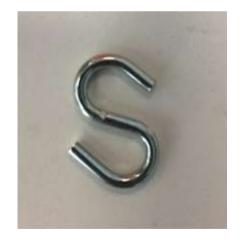
#### Objectives

- Design and perform uniaxial compression test to understand the mechanical behavior of the S shape
- Verify simulations from Level Set Discrete Element Method by comparing them to experimental results

## S Shape Particle

- Not studied before
- McMaster-Carr Open-End S-Hooks
  - Zinc-plated steel
  - Usable length % in





https://www.mcmaster.com/#Rope-Hooks/=ala8bda8bb9c4487a89b402d36be3e2ejx0pobab

### Methodology

- ADMET MTESTQuattro universal testing machine
- Random pouring of 775 particles into cylinder
- Pre-compress with 10 lb.
- Maximum displacement of 30 mm
- Constant strain rate
- Trials with maximum load of 15000 and 20000 N

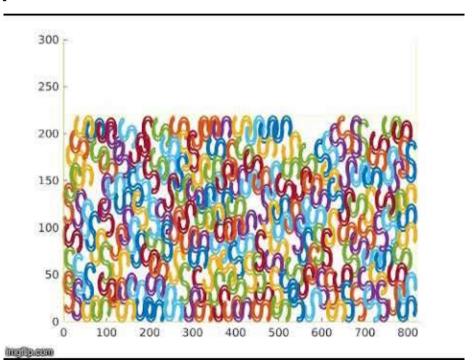


## Cylinders

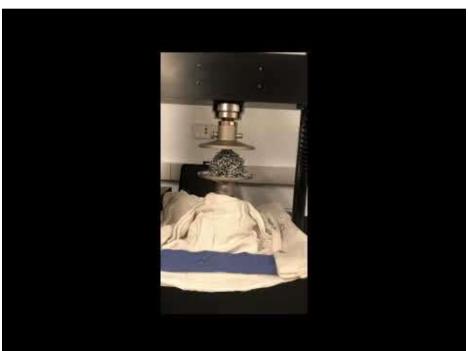




### Simulation



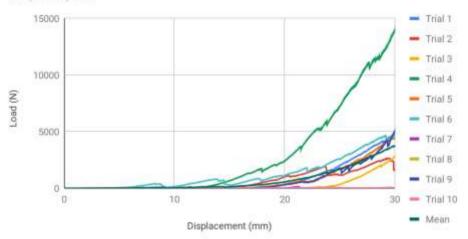
## Experiment



#### Results

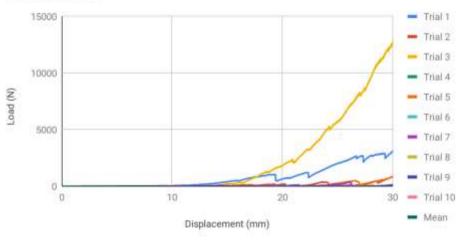
#### Load vs. Displacement

One piece cylinder



#### Load vs. Displacement

Two piece cylinder



## **Analysis**

- Similar outliers in both methods
  - Reached 13,996 and 12,637 N
- On average, one piece cylinder creates columns that can bear greater loads

#### Conclusions

- Hollow cylinder lifted up creates columns that can bear more load
- Confinement and removal method affects maximum load

### Ongoing and Future Work

- Test other methods of forming columns
- Test other aspect ratios
- Understand other mechanical properties through more experiments
  - Three point bending test
  - Vibration test
- Verify simulations with experimental results
- Simulate experiments that can't be performed in the lab

# Thank you

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Ms. Jenni Campbell

## Questions?